

## INFERRING

**Making Inferences**

An **inference** is a logical conclusion drawn from available evidence and prior knowledge. Inferences are often made from observations. They are attempts to explain the things we see. The more prior knowledge you have, the better your inferences. When making inferences, be sure to look at all of the available evidence and combine it with what you already know.

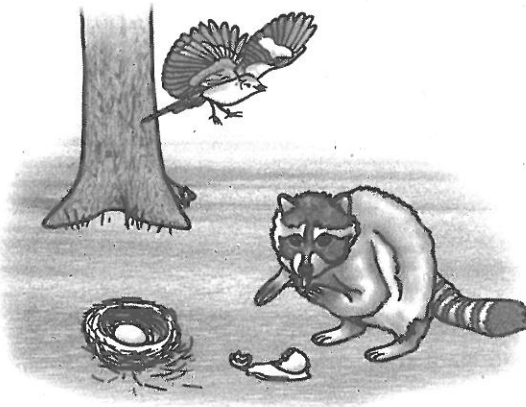
1. A young child feels the wind blowing and sees the trees swaying back and forth. She infers that the movement of the trees is causing the wind. What prior knowledge does she probably lack?

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2. Write the available evidence, your prior knowledge, and several inferences beside each of the following diagrams.



Available evidence: \_\_\_\_\_

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Prior knowledge: \_\_\_\_\_

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Inferences: \_\_\_\_\_

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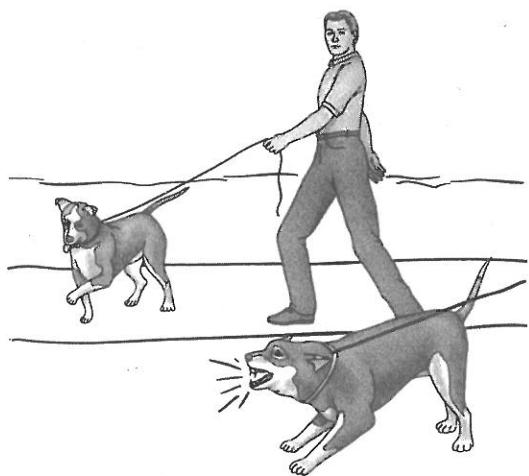


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Name \_\_\_\_\_

Period \_\_\_\_\_

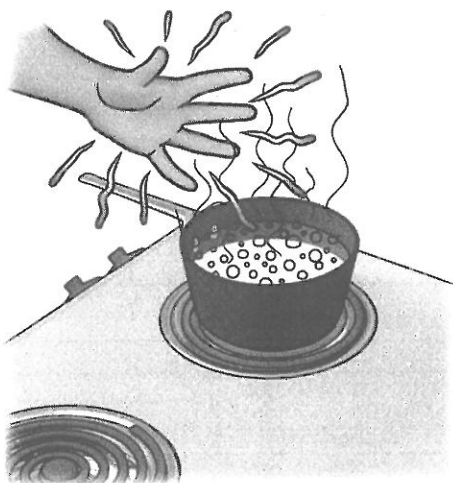
Date \_\_\_\_\_



Available evidence: \_\_\_\_\_

Prior knowledge: \_\_\_\_\_

Inferences: \_\_\_\_\_



Available evidence: \_\_\_\_\_

Prior knowledge: \_\_\_\_\_

Inferences: \_\_\_\_\_

**Challenge** Why might the inferences you made about the pictures above be different from inferences you might have made about the pictures four years ago?

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