

Sec. 2.3: Animals are consumers

Learning Goals: Compare & contrast how plant and animals get their energy.
Classify organisms as producers, consumers, or decomposers

Animals obtain energy and materials from food – pg. 58-61

Animals are _____ an organism that gets its _____ from another _____.

Animals are also called _____ which means to feed on other organisms.

What animals eat: animals can be grouped by what they eat.

Describe how herbivores, carnivores, and omnivores get their energy?	

Each of these is considered to be _____.

Processing food: Energy is stored as complex _____.

What is the process that breaks down food?	
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Why does food have to be processed?	

Releasing and storing energy: Animals obtain _____ from sugar the same way _____ do, through _____.

What is the function of cellular respiration?	

Animals interact with the environment and other organisms – pg.62-63

What is a behavior and how does it relate to a stimulus?

What do you call an animal that hunts other animals for food?

What do you call animals that are hunted by others for food?

What are some ways that animals of the same species cooperate & compete?

Animals respond to seasonal changes – pg.64

How is migration similar to hibernation? How is it different?